

BÀI TẬP VẬN DỤNG CÁC ĐIỂM NGỮ PHÁP TIẾNG ANH CƠ BẢN

Bài tập 1: Điền dạng đúng của động từ trong ngoặc.

1. She ____ (work) in this company for five years.
2. They ____ (play) soccer when it started to rain.
3. By the time he arrived, we ____ (finish) our homework.
4. I ____ (not/go) to the cinema last week.
5. Look! The children ____ (run) in the park.
6. We ____ (visit) Paris next summer.
7. He ____ (study) for two hours when I called him.
8. The train ____ (leave) at 8:00 tomorrow morning.
9. This time last year, they ____ (build) their new house.
10. She ____ (read) three books this month.
11. By 2025, they ____ (complete) the project.
12. He usually ____ (wake up) early in the morning.

Đáp án:

1. has worked
2. were playing
3. had finished
4. didn't go
5. are running
6. will visit
7. had been studying
8. leaves
9. were building
10. has read
11. will have completed
12. wakes up

Bài tập 2: Tìm và sửa lỗi sai ngữ pháp tiếng Anh trong các câu sau.

1. She **is knowing** him since childhood.

2. They **was playing** basketball when the teacher arrived.
3. By the time I got there, they **has left**.
4. He usually **don't wake up** early in the morning.
5. Look! It **rains** outside.
6. We **will have visiting** her by the time you call us.
7. I **am study** English at 8:00 PM yesterday.
8. The train **is leaving** at 8:00 AM tomorrow morning.
9. He **has been completed** the report already.
10. By next year, they **will finish** building the bridge.
11. She **has worked** on this project since three months.
12. He **don't plays** football every weekend.

Đáp án:

1. is knowing → has known
2. was playing → were playing
3. has left → had left
4. don't wake up → doesn't wake up
5. rains → is raining
6. will have visiting → will have visited
7. am study → was studying
8. is leaving → leaves
9. has been completed → has completed
10. will finish → will have finished
11. since three months → for three months
12. don't plays → doesn't play

Bài tập 3: Chọn từ để hoàn thành câu đúng ngữ pháp tiếng Anh

1. She runs ____ (quick / quickly).
2. There isn't ____ milk left in the fridge. (any / much)
3. They are sitting ____ the table. (on / at)
4. He bought ____ interesting book. (a / an)

5. This bag is not ____, it belongs to her. (my / mine)
6. I love reading ____ (story / stories).
7. He always ____ his homework after dinner. (does / do)
8. ____ is knocking at the door? (Who / Whose)
9. This is the ____ movie I've ever watched. (worse / worst)
10. We decided to stay home ____ it was raining. (and / because)
11. She has ____ money to buy a new dress. (enough / little)
12. He arrived ____ 10 o'clock. (on / at)

Đáp án:

1. quickly
2. any
3. at
4. an
5. mine
6. stories
7. does
8. Who
9. worst
10. because
11. enough
12. at

Bài tập 4: Hoàn thành các câu dưới đây bằng cách điền từ hoặc cụm từ phù hợp.

1. This is the ____ (interesting) book I've ever read. (câu so sánh)
2. If I were you, I ____ (not quit) my job. (câu điều kiện loại 2)
3. I wish I ____ (can) travel to Japan next year. (câu ước với wish)
4. The cake ____ (make) by my mother yesterday. (câu bị động)
5. It's essential that he ____ (be) on time for the meeting. (câu giả định)
6. ____ (not touch) that button! (câu mệnh lệnh)

7. She said, "I will call you tomorrow." → She said that she ____ (call) me the next day. (câu gián tiếp)
8. The man ____ (who/which) lives next door is a doctor. (mệnh đề quan hệ)
9. This hotel is ____ (expensive) than the one we stayed at last week. (câu so sánh)
10. If it rains tomorrow, we ____ (stay) at home. (câu điều kiện loại 1)
11. I wish I ____ (know) the answer to this question. (câu ước với wish)
12. The letter ____ (write) by him last night. (câu bị động)

Đáp án:

1. most interesting
2. wouldn't quit
3. could
4. was made
5. be
6. Don't touch
7. would call
8. who
9. more expensive
10. will stay
11. knew
12. was written

Bài tập 5: Chọn đáp án đúng ngữ pháp tiếng Anh để hoàn thành câu hỏi

1. ____ do you go to the gym?
 - a. How often
 - b. How long
 - c. How much
2. ____ are you calling at this hour?
 - a. Who
 - b. Whom
 - c. Whose
3. ____ is the capital of France?
 - a. Who

- b. What
 - c. Where
4. Does she have a dog?
- a. Yes, she does.
 - b. No, she isn't.
 - c. Yes, she is.
5. Are they coming with us?
- a. Yes, they aren't.
 - b. Yes, they are.
 - c. No, they do.
6. Would you like coffee ____ tea?
- a. and
 - b. or
 - c. but
7. Do you want to visit the museum ____ go shopping?
- a. or
 - b. and
 - c. so
8. You've finished the project, ____ you?
- a. don't
 - b. aren't
 - c. haven't
9. She can play the piano, ____ she?
- a. can
 - b. can't
 - c. doesn't
10. ____ is your favorite color?
- a. What
 - b. Which
 - c. Who
11. ____ is sitting in my chair?
- a. Whose
 - b. Who
 - c. Whom
12. You didn't see him yesterday, ____ you?
- a. do

- b. did
- c. don't

Đáp án:

1. a. How often
2. a. Who
3. b. What
4. a. Yes, she does.
5. b. Yes, they are.
6. b. or
7. a. or
8. c. haven't
9. b. can't
10. a. What
11. b. Who
12. b. did

Bài tập 6: Tìm và sửa lỗi sai ngữ pháp tiếng Anh trong các câu hỏi dưới đây

1. What do you doing now? (câu hỏi từ để hỏi)
2. Does she likes coffee or tea? (Yes/No question)
3. Are you busy today, aren't you? (câu hỏi đuôi)
4. He has arrived, hasn't he? (không lỗi)
5. Do you want go to the beach or stay home? (câu hỏi lựa chọn)
6. She can't swim, can she? (không lỗi)
7. What time is it in your country? (không lỗi)
8. Who does this book belongs to? (câu hỏi từ để hỏi)
9. Are they ready, do they? (câu hỏi đuôi)
10. You haven't seen the movie, have you? (không lỗi)
11. Does he wants to join the team? (Yes/No question)
12. Where is she working at? (câu hỏi từ để hỏi)

Đáp án:

1. What do you doing → What are you doing
2. Does she likes → Does she like
3. aren't you → are you
4. ✓
5. want go → want to go
6. ✓
7. ✓
8. belongs → belong
9. do they → are they
10. ✓
11. Does he wants → Does he want
12. Where is she working at → Where is she working

Bài tập 7: Hoàn thành các câu dưới đây bằng cách chọn hoặc viết đáp án phù hợp

1. This house is not big ____ for a family of five. (*Cấu trúc enough*)
 - a. enough
 - b. too
2. I suggest that you ____ (take) a break after working for 4 hours straight. (*Cấu trúc suggest*)
3. I hope ____ (you/achieve) your goals soon. (*Cấu trúc hope*)
4. She ____ (use) to play the piano when she was a child. (*Cấu trúc used to*)
5. Would you ____ (mind/help) me with this heavy box? (*Cấu trúc mind*)
6. ____ (Would you like) to have tea or coffee? (*Cấu trúc would you like*)
7. He acts ____ he knew everything about the situation. (*Cách dùng As if và As though*)
 - a. as if
 - b. as though
8. ____ she tried her best, she couldn't finish the assignment on time. (*Cách dùng Although*)
 - a. Although
 - b. In spite of

9. He succeeded ____ his lack of experience. (*Cách dùng In spite of*)
a. because of
b. in spite of
10. The weather was ____ hot that we couldn't go outside. (*Cấu trúc So, such, too*)
a. so
b. too
11. She's not only smart ____ hardworking. (*Cấu trúc Not Only... But Also*)
a. but also
b. as well as
12. I'd ____ stay home than go out in this rain. (*Cấu trúc would rather*)
a. rather
b. prefer

Đáp án:

1. a. enough
2. take
3. you achieve
4. used
5. mind helping
6. Would you like
7. a. as if
8. a. Although
9. b. in spite of
10. a. so
11. a. but also
12. a. rather

Bài tập 8: Viết lại hoặc hoàn thành các câu sau đúng ngữ pháp tiếng Anh

1. I can't let you ____ (leave) the party early. (*Cấu trúc let*)
2. Let's ____ (go) to the cinema tonight. (*Cấu trúc let's*)
3. It's difficult ____ (understand) his handwriting. (*Cấu trúc difficult*)
4. She promised ____ (call) me back later. (*Cấu trúc promise*)
5. He avoids ____ (talk) about his personal life. (*Cấu trúc avoid*)

6. I advise you ____ (not/spend) too much money on unnecessary things. (*Cấu trúc advise*)
7. After ____ (finish) his homework, he went to bed. (*Cấu trúc after*)
8. She asked me ____ (help) her with the project. (*Cấu trúc asked*)
9. I really enjoy ____ (watch) old movies on weekends. (*Cấu trúc enjoy*)
10. You ____ (must/study) harder if you want to pass the exam. (*Cấu trúc must*)
11. He loves his job as much ____ (his/hobbies). (*Cấu trúc as much as*)
12. I was walking in the park when I ____ (see) her. (*Cấu trúc when, while*)

Đáp án:

1. leave
2. go
3. to understand
4. to call
5. talking
6. not to spend
7. finishing
8. to help
9. watching
10. must study
11. as
12. saw

Bài tập 9: Tìm và sửa lỗi sai về ngữ pháp tiếng Anh trong các câu sau

1. She prefers to stay at home than go out with friends. (*Cấu trúc prefer*)
2. Unless you don't study hard, you won't pass the exam. (*Cấu trúc unless*)
3. He had better to finish his homework before watching TV. (*Cấu trúc had better*)
4. Despite he was tired, he finished the project on time. (*Cấu trúc despite*)
5. It was not until 10 p.m. when he came home. (*Cấu trúc it was not until*)
6. You needn't to worry about the test; it's easy. (*Cấu trúc need*)
7. I regret to tell him the truth about his performance. (*Cấu trúc regret*)
8. She stopped to smoke when she got pregnant. (*Cấu trúc stop*)

Đáp án:

1. Sửa thành: She prefers staying at home to going out with friends.
2. Sửa thành: Unless you study hard, you won't pass the exam.
3. Sửa thành: He had better finish his homework before watching TV.
4. Sửa thành: Despite being tired, he finished the project on time.
5. Sửa thành: It was not until 10 p.m. that he came home.
6. Sửa thành: You needn't worry about the test; it's easy.
7. Sửa thành: I regret telling him the truth about his performance.
8. Sửa thành: She stopped smoking when she got pregnant.

Bài tập 10: Kết hợp các câu dưới đây sử dụng cấu trúc ngữ pháp tiếng Anh phù hợp

1. He loves playing football. He loves swimming. (*Cấu trúc As well as*)
2. She is talented. She is hardworking. (*Cấu trúc Not Only... But Also*)
3. He refused the invitation. He had an important meeting. (*Cấu trúc because of*)
4. I regret telling her the truth. She got upset. (*Cấu trúc regret*)
5. He stopped working. He decided to retire. (*Cấu trúc stop*)

Đáp án:

1. He loves playing football as well as swimming.
2. She is not only talented but also hardworking.
3. He refused the invitation because of an important meeting.
4. I regret telling her the truth because she got upset.
5. He stopped working because he decided to retire.